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PATENT APPLICATION SERIAL NO. _____

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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FEE RECORD SHEET

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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.	018236.116
First Inventor or Application Identifier	Kevin N. McCraw et al
Title	MATTRESS SPRING CUSHION ASSEMBLY WITH ...
Express Mail Label No.	EL036042753US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application

- ☒ *Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)
- ☒ Specification [Total Pages (preferred arrangement set forth below)
 - Descriptive title of the Invention
 - Cross References to Related Applications
 - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
 - Reference to Microfiche Appendix
 - Background of the Invention
 - Brief Summary of the Invention
 - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
 - Detailed Description
 - Claim(s)
 - Abstract of the Disclosure
- ☒ Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total - Oath or Declaration [Total Pages - ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)
- ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R. 1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 16 completed)
[NOTE Box 5 below]
 - ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 C.F.R. 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

*NOTE FOR ITEMS 1 & 13: IN ORDER TO BE ENTITLED TO PAY SMALL ENTITY FEES, A SMALL ENTITY STATEMENT IS REQUIRED (37 C.F.R. 1.27), EXCEPT IF ONE FILED IN A PRIOR APPLICATION IS RELIED UPON (37 C.F.R. 1.27).

ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, D.C. 20231

- ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
- Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)
 - ☐ Computer Readable Copy
 - ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
 - ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

- ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
- ☒ 37 C.F.R. 3.73(b) Statement ☒ Power of Attorney
(when there is an assignee)
- ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
- ☒ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
- ☐ Preliminary Amendment
- ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)
- ☐ * Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
(if foreign priority is claimed)
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16. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment:
☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: _____ / _____
Prior application information: Examiner _____ Group / Art Unit _____

For CONTINUATION or DIVISIONAL APPS only: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered a part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby incorporated by reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

17. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY "EXPRESS MAIL" (37 CFR 1.10)

Applicant(s): Kevin N. McCraw and Stuart Spiller

Docket No.

018236.116

Serial No.
To Be AssignedFiling Date
Concurrently Herewith

Examiner

Group Art Unit

Invention: **MATTRESS SPRING CUSHION ASSEMBLY WITH COMBINATION OF RIGHT-HAND AND LEFT-HAND SPRING UNITS**

I hereby certify that the following correspondence:

U.S. Patent Application, including Specification and Claims, Drawings, Declaration/Power of Attorney, Assignment, 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement, Information Disclosure Statement and Return Receipt Postcard*(Identify type of correspondence)*

is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 in an envelope addressed to: The Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231 on

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Patent fees are subject to annual revision on October 1.

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Small Entity payments must be supported by a small entity statement, otherwise large entity fees must be paid. See Forms PTO/SB/09-12
See 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.27 and 1.28.**TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT**

(\$800.00)

Complete if Known

Application Number	To Be Assigned
Filing Date	Concurrently Herewith
First Named Inventor	Kevin N. McCraw et al
Examiner Name	
Group/Art Unit	
Attorney Docket No.	018236.116

METHOD OF PAYMENT (check one)

- 1.
- ☒
- The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any over payments to:

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Account
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18-1215

Deposit
Account Name

Kennedy Covington Lobdell & Hickman LLP

- ☒
- Charge Any Additional Fee Required Under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 and 1.17
- ☐
- Charge the Issue Fee Set in 37 C.F.R. § 1.18 at the Mailing of the Notice of Allowance

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☒ Check
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FEE CALCULATION1. **BASIC FILING FEE**

Large Fee Code	Entity Fee (\$)	Small Fee Code	Entity Fee (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
101	760	201	380	Utility filing fee	760.00
103	310	206	155	Design filing fee	
107	480	207	240	Plant filing fee	
108	760	208	380	Reissue filing fee	
114	150	214	75	Provisional filing fee	

SUBTOTAL (1) (\$760.00)2. **EXTRA CLAIM FEES**

Total Claims	Extra Claims	Fee from below	Fee Paid
20	-20** = 0	0	0
Independent Claims	1	-3** = 0	0
Multiple Dependent		260	260.00

**or number previously paid, if greater, For Reissues, see below

Large Fee Code	Entity Fee (\$)	Small Fee Code	Entity Fee (\$)	Fee Description
103	18	203	9	Claims in excess of 20
102	78	202	39	Independent claims in excess of 3
104	260	204	130	Multiple dependent claim, if not paid
109	78	209	39	**Reissue independent claims over original patent
110	18	210	9	***Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent

SUBTOTAL (2) (\$1,020.00)**FEE CALCULATION (continued)**3. **ADDITIONAL FEES**

Large Fee Code	Entity Fee (\$)	Small Fee Code	Entity Fee (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
105	130	205	65	Surcharge - late filing fee or oath	
127	50	227	25	Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet	
139	130	139	130	Non-English specification	
147	2,520	147	2,520	For filing a request for reexamination	
112	920*	112	920*	Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action	
113	1,840*	113	1,840*	Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action	
115	110	215	55	Extension for reply within first month	
116	380	216	190	Extension for reply within second month	
117	870	217	435	Extension for reply within third month	
118	1,360	218	680	Extension for reply within fourth month	
128	1,850	228	925	Extension for reply within fifth month	
119	300	219	150	Notice of Appeal	
120	300	220	150	Filing a brief in support of an appeal	
121	260	221	130	Request for oral hearing	
138	1,510	138	1,510	Petition to institute a public use proceeding	
140	110	240	55	Petition to revive - unavoidable	
141	1,210	241	605	Petition to revive - unintentional	
142	1,210	242	605	Utility issue fee (or reissue)	
143	430	243	215	Design issue fee	
144	580	244	290	Plant issue fee	
122	130	122	130	Petitions to the Commissioner	
123	50	123	50	Petitions related to provisional applications	
126	240	126	240	Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt	
581	40	581	40	Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties)	40.00
146	760	246	380	Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR 1.129(a))	
149	760	249	380	For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR 1.129(b))	
Other fee (specify) _____					
Other fee (specify) _____					

*Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid

SUBTOTAL (3) (\$40.00)**SUBMITTED BY**Typed or Printed
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Karl S. Sawyer, Jr.

Signature

Date

July 28, 2000

Complete (if applicable)

Reg. Number

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Deposit Account
User ID

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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TITLE:

**MATTRESS SPRING CUSHION ASSEMBLY
WITH COMBINATION OF RIGHT-HAND AND
LEFT-HAND SPRING UNITS**

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.:

018236.116

DATE:

July 28, 2000

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Typed Name: Donna B. Millard

Signature: Donna B. Millard

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

5

1818770.02
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MATTRESS SPRING CUSHION ASSEMBLY WITH OPPOSING SPRING COILS

Background of the Invention

The present invention relates generally to cushions assembled with a plurality of spring coils and, more particularly, to such a spring cushion assembly suitable for use in a mattress comprised of a combination of spring coils which oppose one another either by opposing
5 inclinational or rotational tendencies, e.g., right-hand and left-hand spring coils.

Spring cushion assemblies of the aforementioned type are well known within the furniture industry for use as so-called innerspring constructions for mattresses as well as other forms of upholstered furniture. Characteristically, such cushion assemblies comprise a plurality of resiliently compressible spring coils arranged in adjacent side-by-side disposition in a selected
10 systematic array, most commonly in linear rows and columns, and connected together, e.g., by metal bands, clips, strings, helical wires, or the like, to form an integrated spring cushion assembly. Such spring cushion assemblies used for mattresses also commonly include border wires, which may be continuous or discontinuous, forming a perimeter outwardly about and connected to the upper and lower end turns of the outermost spring coils.

The types, configurations and constructions of the spring coils utilized in such spring cushion assemblies are quite diverse and may differ, for example, according to the type and size (gauge) of the wire from which the spring coils are made, whether the upper and lower end turns of each spring coil are closed (typically by knotting the terminal wire ends to a medial point along the end coil) or open (i.e., the terminal wire ends are left free and unconnected), the
15 number of intervening coil turns between the opposite end turns (which may be a whole number of turns or may include a one-half coil turn), and whether the spring coils are separate wire units or part of a common length of wire, as with so-called continuous coil spring units (see, e.g., U.S. Patent Nos. 4,053,956 and 4,358,097).
20

In producing any given spring cushion assembly, the selection among these various
25 characteristics for the spring coils is made according to considerations of the desired spring characteristics for the cushion assembly (e.g., spring compressibility, strength, etc.), cost, structural stability and rigidity of the cushion assembly, etc. For example, spring coils whose end turns are closed by knotting tend to utilize more wire and to be more expensive to produce than open-ended spring coils. However, open-ended spring coils constructed with a full number of
30 coil turns exhibit a pronounced tendency to incline laterally and to rotate in the direction of their hand (clockwise for right-hand coils and counterclockwise for left-hand coils) when compressed. Hence, when spring cushion assemblies are made of open-ended spring coils, it is not uncommon to utilize spring coils each of a right-hand coiling in each alternating row of spring coils and to

utilize spring coils each of a left-hand coiling in each intervening row of spring coils, because the oppositely handed spring coils will tend to incline and rotate in opposite directions under compression and thereby will tend to counter balance one another and enhance the lateral stability of the overall cushion spring assembly.

5 **Summary of the Invention**

It is accordingly an object of the present invention to provide further improvements in spring cushion assemblies of the aforementioned type and, in particular, to provide a spring cushion assembly with more enhanced lateral stability against spring coil incline and rotation than in the prior art.

10 Briefly summarized, the present invention addresses the foregoing objective by providing a spring cushion assembly which comprises a plurality of spring coils each of which is of a configuration producing a tendency to incline laterally when compressed. According to the present invention, the plurality of spring coils are aligned with one another in parallel linear spring coil rows and parallel linear spring coil columns perpendicular to the spring coil rows, with each spring coil row and each spring coil column having spring coils oriented relative to one another to incline in opposing directions for counteracting the tendency of the spring coils to incline.

Various embodiments of this basic construction are contemplated. For example, in one preferred embodiment, the spring coils comprise right-hand and left-hand spring coils alternating with one another within each row and each column. This embodiment offers the advantage that the oppositely handed spring coils counteract their respective tendencies to rotate oppositely as well as to incline oppositely. Alternatively, however, it is also contemplated that a spring cushion assembly in accordance with the present invention may be formed entirely of spring coils of the same hand by orienting alternating and intervening spring coils within each row and column in opposing orientations, e.g., rotated one hundred eighty degrees from one another, whereby each spring coil tends to incline oppositely to each adjacent spring coil so as to effectively counteract each other. It is further contemplated that the invention could be embodied in a spring cushion assembly made of continuous coil units by forming the alternating and intervening spring coils in each common length of wire to be of opposing orientations or opposing hands.

In many possible embodiments, the spring coils will be of the open-ended type having open upper and lower end turns, and often will have a full number of coil turns therebetween. Many embodiments will also have multiple helical connector wires extending between adjacent spring columns for connecting the respective upper and lower end coils thereof and with upper

and lower perimeter border wires disposed outwardly about the spring coils and connected to the upper and lower end turns of the outermost spring coils, thereby for integrating the spring coils together. Preferably, the spring cushion assembly is adapted for use as a mattress spring assembly.

5 **Brief Description of the Drawings**

Fig. 1 is a schematic top plan view of a prior art mattress spring cushion assembly comprised entirely of spring coils of a common hand and in a common orientation;

Fig. 2 is another schematic top plan view, similar to Fig. 1, of a prior art mattress spring cushion assembly comprised of alternating rows each entirely of right-hand or left-hand spring
10 coils in a common orientation;

Fig. 3A is a perspective view of a single open-ended right-hand spring coil in relaxed uncompressed condition;

Fig. 3B is another perspective view of the right-hand spring coil of Fig. 3A in compressed condition;

Fig. 4A is another perspective view, similar to Fig. 3, of a single open-ended left-hand spring coil in relaxed uncompressed condition;

Fig. 4B is another perspective view of the left-hand spring coil of Fig. 4A in compressed condition;

Fig. 5A and 5B are schematic side elevational views respectively depicting the right-hand spring coil of Fig. 3 in uncompressed and compressed states and illustrating the tendency of such spring coil to incline laterally when compressed;

Fig. 6A and 6B are schematic side elevational views, similar to Figs. 5A and 5B, depicting respectively the left-hand spring coil of Fig. 4 in uncompressed and compressed states and illustrating the tendency of such spring coil to incline laterally when compressed;

Fig. 7 is a schematic top plan view of a mattress spring cushion assembly according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention wherein right-hand and left-hand spring coils alternate with one another within each column and row of the spring coils;

Fig. 8 is a schematic side elevational view of adjacent left-hand and right-hand spring coils within the mattress spring cushion assembly of Fig. 7, depicting the effect of the oppositely
30 handed spring coils to counteract their respective tendencies to incline laterally when compressed; and

Fig. 9 is a schematic top plan view of a mattress spring cushion assembly according to an alternative embodiment of the present invention formed entirely of right-hand spring coils

alternating and intervening ones of which within each row and column are disposed in opposing orientations rotated one hundred eighty degrees from one another.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

Referring now to the accompanying drawings and initially to Figs. 1 and 2, prior art mattress spring cushion assemblies of the types described above are depicted generally at 10 and 12, respectively. Each mattress spring cushion assembly 10, 12 comprises a plurality of open-ended spring coils 14 arranged in adjacent side-by-side relation in parallel linear rows 16 and parallel linear columns 18 perpendicular to the rows 16. The spring coils 14 in each spring assembly 10, 12 are of the open-ended type with open upper and lower end turns 14', 14'' with one or more helical turns 14''' extending integrally therebetween, as more fully depicted in Figs. 3 and 4. The spring coils 14 are disposed with their respective upper and lower end turns 14', 14'' in co-planar relationship with one another, the upper and lower end turns of adjacent columns 18 being connected via interengagement within the spirals of elongate helical connector wires 20 each extending the full length of the respective spring assembly 10, 12. Each spring assembly 10, 12 additionally incorporates upper and lower rectangular border wires 22, typically of a much heavier gauge than the wires of the spring coils 14 and the helical connector wires 20, the border wires 22 extending about the perimeter of the array of spring coils 14 respectively adjacent the upper and lower end turns 14', 14'' of the outermost rows 16 and columns 18 and connected thereto by metal bands or clips 24.

In the prior art spring assembly 10 of Fig. 1, each spring coil 14 in each row 16 and column 18 is of the same hand with all spring coils disposed in the same orientation as one another. As illustrated, the spring assembly 10 is made entirely of right-hand spring coils wherein the intermediate coil turns 14''' are formed with a right-hand spiral, i.e., when viewed axially from the upper end turn 14' downwardly to the lower end turn 14'', the turns 14''' of the spring coil spiral in a clockwise direction, as best seen in the perspective view of a single right-hand spring coil 14 in Fig. 3. As will additionally be seen in Fig. 3, the spring coil 14 thereof has three complete intervening coil turns 14'', whereby the upper and lower end turns 14', 14'' open laterally oppositely from one another. Of course, the spring assembly 10 could alternatively be comprised entirely of open-ended left-hand spring coils 14 such as shown in Fig. 4. Like the right-hand spring coil 14 of Fig. 3, the left-hand spring coil 14 of Fig. 4 also has three complete intervening coil turns 14''' between its open upper and lower end turns 14', 14''.

As persons skilled in the relevant art will readily recognize and understand, such spring coils 14 of the type of Figs. 3 and 4 have a pronounced tendency to incline laterally (in opposite directions depending upon the hand of the spring unit) when compressed, as indicated by the

directional arrows in Figs. 3B and 4B and as depicted comparatively for a right-hand spring coil in Figs. 5A and 5B and, similarly, for a left-hand spring coil in Figs. 6A and 6B. Likewise, such spring coils also exhibit the inherent tendency to rotate in the direction of the hand of the spring coil when compressed, i.e., a right-hand spring coil will tend to rotate clockwise when

5 compressed and a left-hand spring coil will tend to rotate counterclockwise when compressed, as indicated by the directional arrows in Figs. 3B and 4B. Hence, as is known, prior art mattress spring cushion assemblies of the type of the assembly 10 of Fig. 1, whether made entirely of right-hand spring coils or left-hand spring coils, exhibit the disadvantageous tendency for the entire assembly to incline and twist in a common direction when compressed, as depicted
10 representatively by the directional arrows in Fig. 1, which impairs the lateral stability of the spring assembly 10.

The prior art spring cushion assembly 12 of Fig. 2 was intended to address the problem of lateral stability experienced by the spring assembly 10 of Fig. 1 by providing alternating rows 16', 16'' of left-hand and right-hand spring coils 14, the intent of which is for the oppositely-
15 handed spring coils 14 of adjacent rows 16', 16'' to tend to counteract one another by the respective spring rows inclining and twisting in opposing directions. While the spring cushion assembly 12 of Fig. 2 provides some improvement in overall lateral stability in comparison to the spring cushion assembly 10 of Fig. 1 none of the individual spring coils 14 act in direct
20 opposition to one another. Thus, there remains the tendency of the left-hand and right-hand spring coils 14 in a common row 16', 16'', respectively, to incline and twist together in a common direction, as represented by the directional arrows in Fig. 2, with the respective spring rows 16', 16'' acting in opposition to one another only indirectly via the connecting helical wires 20. As a result, the spring assembly 12 still exhibits an undesirable degree of lateral instability in the widthwise direction of the rows 16.

25 With reference now to Fig. 7, a preferred embodiment of the novel spring cushion assembly of the present invention is indicated generally at 26 in a schematic top plan view similar to that of Figs. 1 and 2. The spring assembly 26 in the embodiment of Fig. 7 is particularly adapted for use as the so-called innerspring assembly of a mattress, but as persons skilled in the art will recognize and understand, the principles of the construction of the spring
30 assembly 26 are equally applicable to other cushion spring assemblies formed of multiple integrated spring coils. Like the spring assemblies 10, 12 of Figs. 1 and 2, the spring assembly 26 also comprises plural spring coils 14 arranged in widthwise rows 16 and lengthwise columns 18, with the upper and lower end turns 14', 14'' joined laterally by helical connector wires 20 and with upper and lower border wires 22 connected by bands or clips 24 to the upper and lower

end turns 14', 14'' of the spring coils 14 of the two outermost rows 16 and columns 18. The spring assembly 26 is distinguished from each of the spring assemblies 10 and 12 in that the spring coils 14 within each row 16 alternate between left-hand and right-hand spring coils 14, with the hand of the spring coils of each row 16 being staggered relative to the spring coils 14 of adjacent rows 16 such that the spring coils 14 within each column 18 also alternate between left-hand and right-hand spring coils (the only exception being one end row of spring coils 14 which is turned such that the open side of each upper and lower end turn 14', 14'' of the spring coils 14 within such row face inwardly of the array of spring coils 14 to better facilitate joinder to the border wire 22).

In this manner, it will be seen that each individual spring coil 14 within the spring assembly 26 is of a hand opposite that of each adjacent spring coil 14 on each opposite side thereof within the same row 16 and each adjacent spring coil 14 on each opposite side thereof within the same column 18. By this arrangement of the spring coils 14, the spring coils 14 act in direct opposition to one another both lengthwise along the columns and widthwise across the rows 16, as depicted in Fig. 7 and as also indicated by the arrows in Fig. 8, to counteract their individual tendency to incline and rotate when compressed, thereby providing significantly enhanced structural stability in each direction within the spring assembly 26.

While the embodiment of Fig. 8 utilizing both right-hand and left-hand spring coils will be preferred for various applications, it is also contemplated, however, that beneficial results and advantages may be achieved in accordance with the present invention in a spring cushion assembly formed entirely of spring coils of a common hand by arranging alternating and intervening spring coils in each row and column in opposing relative orientations or dispositions which will effectively counteract the tendency of each individual spring coil to incline when compressed. Such an alternative embodiment of a spring cushion assembly made entirely of right-hand spring coils is depicted in Fig. 9 generally at 28. In such embodiment, within each spring coil row 16, each alternating right-hand spring coil 14 is rotated one hundred eighty degrees with respect to each intervening spring coil 14 and the orientations of the spring coils 14 in adjacent rows 16 is staggered such that, within each spring coil column 18, each alternating right-hand spring coil 14 is likewise rotated one hundred eighty degrees with respect to each intervening spring coil 14. As with the embodiment of Fig. 7, this arrangement of the spring coils 14 effectively causes the spring coils 14 to act in direct opposition to one another both lengthwise along the columns 18 and widthwise across the rows 16 to counteract their individual tendency to incline when compressed, in the same manner as depicted in Fig. 8 and as also indicated by the arrows in Fig. 9, thereby providing enhanced structural stability in each direction

within the spring assembly 26. While the spring coils in this embodiment do not serve to counteract the tendency of one another to rotate when compressed, the alternating orientations of the spring coils 14 in accordance with the present invention still effectively counteract their inclinational tendencies and provides significant performance improvements over the prior art.

5 While the present invention has been described herein with respect to a preferred embodiment in a mattress spring cushion assembly comprised of open-ended coil spring units, it will be recognized by persons skilled in the art and it is to be understood that the present invention is not so limited and, in particular, is contemplated to be equally applicable and beneficial in mattress spring cushion assemblies comprised of closed, i.e., knotted, coil spring
10 units, as well as in spring cushion assemblies intended for use in other articles of furniture, whether or not the spring coils in such an assembly are integrated together via helical connector wires, border wires, or otherwise. Similarly, while the present invention has been described herein with respect to embodiments of spring cushion assemblies utilizing individual spring coil units, it will similarly be understood that the invention is contemplated to be equally applicable to
15 spring cushion assemblies made with other forms of spring coils, e.g., so-called continuous coil units wherein a continuous length of wire is formed into multiple successive spring coils.

It will therefore be readily understood by those persons skilled in the art that the present invention is susceptible of broad utility and application. Many embodiments and adaptations of the present invention other than those herein described, as well as many variations, modifications
20 and equivalent arrangements, will be apparent from or reasonably suggested by the present invention and the foregoing description thereof, without departing from the substance or scope of the present invention. Accordingly, while the present invention has been described herein in detail in relation to its preferred embodiment, it is to be understood that this disclosure is only illustrative and exemplary of the present invention and is made merely for purposes of providing
25 a full and enabling disclosure of the invention. The foregoing disclosure is not intended or to be construed to limit the present invention or otherwise to exclude any such other embodiments, adaptations, variations, modifications and equivalent arrangements, the present invention being limited only by the claims appended hereto and the equivalents thereof.

What is claimed is:

- Sub 1. A spring cushion assembly comprising a plurality of spring coils aligned with one another in parallel linear spring coil rows and parallel linear spring coil columns perpendicular to the spring coil rows, each spring coil being of a configuration producing a tendency to incline laterally when compressed, each spring coil row and each spring coil column comprising spring coils oriented relative to one another to incline in opposing directions for counteracting the tendency of the spring coils to incline.
2. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of spring coils comprises a sub-plurality of right-hand spring coils and a sub-plurality of left-hand spring coils.
3. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 1, wherein, within each spring coil row and within each spring coil column, alternating spring coils are oriented to incline in a first direction and intervening spring coils are oriented to incline in a second direction in opposition to the first direction.
4. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 3, wherein the alternating and intervening spring coils are of opposing hands.
5. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 1, wherein each spring coil is of a configuration producing a tendency to rotate when compressed, each spring coil row and each spring coil column comprising spring coils oriented relative to one another to rotate in opposing directions for counteracting the tendency of the spring coils to rotate.
6. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 5, wherein, within each spring coil row and within each spring coil column, alternating spring coils are oriented to rotate in a first direction and intervening spring coils are oriented to rotate in a second direction in opposition to the first direction.
7. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 6, wherein the alternating and intervening spring coils are of opposing hands.
8. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 1, wherein at least selected ones of the spring coils comprise open end turns.
- Sub 9. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 8, wherein the selected spring coils comprise open upper and lower end turns.
9. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 8, wherein each of the selected spring coils comprises a full number of coil turns between the open upper and lower end turns.
10. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 9, wherein each spring coil comprises an open upper end turn and an open lower end turn.

11
12. A spring cushion assembly according to claim ~~12~~¹⁰, wherein each spring coil comprises a full number of coil turns between the open upper and lower end turns.

12
13. A spring cushion assembly according to claim 1, further comprising a perimeter border wire disposed outwardly about the plurality of spring coils and connected to selected ones thereof, and a plurality of connector wires extending between selected adjacent rows or selected adjacent columns and connected to the spring coils thereof for integrating the pluralities of spring
5 coils together.

13
14. A spring cushion assembly according to claim ~~13~~¹², wherein each spring coil comprises an upper end turn and a lower end turn, the upper end turns of the plurality of spring coils being essentially co-planar with one another and the lower end turns of the plurality of spring coils being essentially co-planar with one another, and further comprising upper and lower
5 perimeter border wires respectively disposed outwardly about and connected to selected ones of the co-planar upper and lower end turns of the plurality of spring coils, and upper and lower connector wires extending between selected adjacent rows or selected adjacent columns and connected respectively to the upper and lower end turns of the spring coils thereof.

14
15. A spring cushion assembly according to claim ~~13~~¹² or ~~14~~¹³, wherein the connector wires are helical.

15
16. A spring cushion assembly according to claim ~~14~~¹³, wherein the upper and lower end turns are open and each of the spring coils comprises a full number of coil turns between the open upper and lower end turns thereof.

16
17. A spring cushion assembly according to claim ~~13~~¹², ~~14~~¹³ or ~~16~~¹⁵, wherein the spring cushion assembly is a mattress spring assembly.

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DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION (37 CFR 1.63) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing OR <input type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)	Attorney Docket Number	18236.116
	First Named Inventor	Kevin N. McCraw
	COMPLETE IF KNOWN	
	Application Number	
	Filing Date	
	Group Art Unit	
	Examiner Name	

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

MATTRESS SPRING CUSHION ASSEMBLY WITH COMBINATION OF RIGHT-HAND AND LEFT-HAND SPRNG UNITS

the specification of which (Title of the Invention)

☒ is attached hereto
OR
☐ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY) as United States Application Number or PCT International

Application Number and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached?	
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			<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

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I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

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[Page 1 of 2]

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I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120 of any United States application(s), or 365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States of America, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application

U. S. Parent Application or PCT Parent Number	Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Parent Patent Number (if applicable)

☐ Additional U.S. or PCT international application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following registered practitioner(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith

☒ Customer Number 021878
OR
☐ Registered practitioner(s) name/registration number listed below

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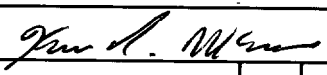
Name	Registration Number	Name	Registration Number

☐ Additional registered practitioner(s) named on supplemental Registered Practitioner Information sheet PTO/SB/02C attached hereto

Direct all correspondence to: ☐ Customer Number or Bar Code Label ☒ Correspondence address below

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon

Name of Sole or First Inventor:	<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor						
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Kevin N.			MCCRAW				
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City	Micaville	State	NC	ZIP	28755	Country	US

☒ Additional inventors are being named on the 1 supplemental Additional Inventor(s) sheet(s) PTO/SB/02A attached hereto

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DECLARATION

ADDITIONAL INVENTOR(S)
Supplemental Sheet
Page 1 of 1

Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor				
Given Name (first and middle [if any])				Family Name or Surname				
Stuart				SPILLER				
Inventor's Signature		<i>R Stuart Spiller</i>			Date		7/19/00	
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Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor				
Given Name (first and middle [if any])				Family Name or Surname				
Inventor's Signature					Date			
Residence: City			State		Country		Citizenship	
Post Office Address								
Post Office Address								
City			State		ZIP		Country	
Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor				
Given Name (first and middle [if any])				Family Name or Surname				
Inventor's Signature					Date			
Residence: City			State		Country		Citizenship	
Post Office Address								
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37 C.F.R. §3.73(b) STATEMENT AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

The Assignee for the U.S. Patent Application filed herewith entitled **MATTRESS SPRING CUSHION ASSEMBLY WITH COMBINATION OF RIGHT-HAND AND LEFT-HAND SPRING UNITS** (hereinafter "Patent Application"), and the invention disclosed therein, hereby states pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §3.73(b) that the Assignee is now the sole owner of the Patent Application to the exclusion of each inventor thereof.

The Assignee establishes its ownership by submission herewith of an Assignment from each inventor of the Patent Application and the Assignee requests recordation thereof in the records of the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office. As the established owner of the Patent Application, the Assignee hereby invokes its right to conduct prosecution of the Patent Application to the exclusion of each named inventor.

The Assignee further hereby appoints the Attorneys and Patent Agents of Kennedy Covington Lobdell & Hickman, L.L.P., as identified by **Customer Number 021878** in the records of the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office and as updated from time to time, to prosecute the Patent Application and to transact all business in the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office connected therewith. All correspondence in this case should be directed to:

Karl S. Sawyer, Jr.
Kennedy Covington Lobdell & Hickman, L.L.P.
Bank of America Corporate Center, Suite 4200
100 N. Tryon St., Charlotte, NC 28202-4006

The telephone number is (704) 331-7400 and the facsimile number is (704) 331-7598.

The Assignee hereby declares that no other person or entity is authorized to take any action before the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office with respect to the Patent Application. The undersigned (whose title is supplied below) is empowered to sign this statement on behalf of the Assignee.

By: **Hickory Springs Manufacturing Company**

Signature of Corporate Officer

July 20, 2000
Date

J. Donald Coleman
Name of Corporate Officer

President
Title of Corporate Officer